

**Sociology**

**Name:** Muhammad Ahmad

**Roll No.:** 21L-5617 BS(DS) 6A

**Submitted to:** Professor Zeeshan Nadeem

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  | | --- | |  | |  | |  | |

**Question #1:**

**Write a note on the origins of Sociology discipline.**

1. **Sociology and the Study of Origins: A Journey to Understanding Human Behavior**

In the 19th century, Auguste Comte, a French philosopher, pioneered sociology by introducing the idea of applying scientific principles to social behavior, coining the term "sociology."

1. **Comte's Vision**

Around the early 1800s, Auguste Comte championed the application of scientific principles to unravel the complexities of human behavior within social groups. He officially coined the term "sociology,".

1. **Three Pioneers of Thought:**

Even before Comte, intellectual waves were stirred by three minds – Karl Marx, Emile Durkheim, and Max Weber. Marx delved into conflicts among social groups, Durkheim focused on maintaining social order, and Weber investigated the interplay between religion and government.

1. **The Industrial Revolution:**

The Industrial Revolution, a period of profound social transformation, witnessed the expansion of cities, and societal unpredictability. Sociology emerged as a crucial tool to make sense of these changes.

1. **The French Revolution**

The late 18th-century French Revolution marked a pivotal turning point that profoundly influenced the trajectory of sociology. The social upheavals and revolutions of this era compelled intellectuals to scrutinize prevailing social structures and power dynamics. The transformative impact of the French Revolution laid the groundwork for the emergence of sociology as a distinct academic discipline.

1. **Sociology's Evolution:**

Sociology has dynamically evolved, branching into diverse schools of thought. Scholars have delved into societal functions and the significance of symbols in communication. Today, sociology remains highly relevant, encompassing a wide array of topics including human behavior and societal organization.

1. **Conclusion**

In conclusion, sociology originated with Comte in the 1800s and was further developed by Marx, Durkheim, and Weber. The Industrial Revolution accelerated its growth, making sociology vital in navigating societal changes. It has since evolved into a powerful tool for understanding human interactions in our complex social world.

**Question #2**

**Explain the importance of understanding the Global Perspective in Sociology.**

Picture of our globe is as a one big, linked network. Anything that occurs in one area can have an impact on all others. In sociology, that's where the global viewpoint comes in. It's not enough to only observe events in our local community; we also need to see the larger picture.

Societies are not these separate entities. They are pieces in this huge puzzle, and the whole picture is necessary to fully understand what's happening. Consider the phenomenon known as globalization. The global interconnection of cultures, economies, and our day-to-day existence is revolutionary.

Understanding global viewpoints illuminates cultural interactions beyond individual issues, analyzing diverse cultures' interactions, disagreements, and collaborations. For instance, in a cultural exercise, a global perspective considers the dance's steps, broader cultural significance, and potential global influence on dances worldwide.

Issues such as poverty, inequality, and climate change are global concerns. It's an international issue. Understanding these from a global viewpoint enables us to comprehend how global political actions, economic systems, and historical occurrences influence local problems.

Sociologists can better understand why people migrate, the effects migration has on their home and destination, and the connections between these factors when they have a global perspective. It's about recognizing the human tales hidden behind those barriers.

The global viewpoint includes everything from social media's ability to keep us informed about events occurring on the other side of the world to the effects of technology on economies and jobs. Without this, sociology would be likened to only seeing a little portion of the cake.

Adopting a global viewpoint in sociology, akin to wearing global goggles, helps us grasp the complex links between our actions and diverse cultures. It's crucial for understanding cultural exchanges, addressing global issues, and managing the impacts of migration and technology, enriching our understanding of sociology.